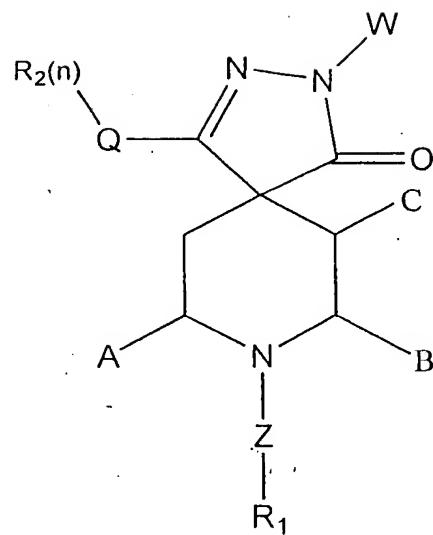


What is claimed is:

1. A compound of formula (I):



(I)

wherein W is hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl-,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkoxy-,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl substituted with 1-3 halogen,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl substituted with 1-3 halogen,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl $C_{1-4}$ alkyl- substituted with 1-3 halogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy substituted with 1-3 halogen,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkoxy- substituted with 1-3 halogen,  $-COOV_1$ ,  $-C_1-C_4COOV_1$ ,  $-CH_2OH$ ,  $-SO_2N(V_1)_2$ , hydroxy $C_{1-10}$ alkyl-, hydroxy $C_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl-, cyano $C_{1-10}$ alkyl-, cyano $C_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl-,  $-CON(V_1)_2$ ,  $NH_2SO_2C_{1-4}$ alkyl-,  $NH_2SOC_{1-4}$ alkyl-, sulfonylamino $C_{1-10}$ alkyl-, diaminoalkyl-,  $-sulfonylC_{1-4}$ alkyl, a 6-membered heterocyclic ring, a 6-membered heteroaromatic ring, a 6-membered heterocyclic $C_{1-4}$ alkyl-, a 6-membered heteroaromatic $C_{1-4}$ alkyl-, a 6-membered aromatic ring, a 6-membered aromatic $C_{1-4}$ alkyl-, a 5-membered heterocyclic ring optionally substituted with an oxo or thio, a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring, a 5-membered heterocyclic $C_{1-4}$ alkyl- optionally substituted with an oxo or thio, a 5-membered heteroaromatic $C_{1-4}$ alkyl-,  $-C_{1-5}(=O)W_1$ ,  $-C_{1-5}(=NH)W_1$ ,  $-C_{1-5}NHC(=O)W_1$ ,  $-C_{1-5}NHS(=O)_2W_1$ ,  $-C_{1-5}NHS(=O)W_1$ , wherein  $W_1$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkoxy,  $-CH_2OH$ , amino,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino-, di $C_{1-4}$ alkylamino-, or a 5-membered heteroaromatic ring optionally substituted with 1-3 lower alkyl;

wherein each  $V_1$  is independently selected from H,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl, benzyl or phenyl

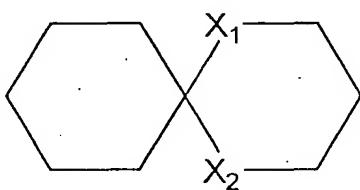
$Q$  is a  $C_{1-8}$  alkyl, 5-8 membered cycloalkyl, 5-8 membered heterocyclic or a 6 membered aromatic or heteroaromatic group;

$n$  is an integer from 0 to 3;

$A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are independently hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkoxy,  $-CH_2OH$ ,  $-NHSO_2$ , hydroxy $C_{1-10}$ alkyl-, amino carbonyl-,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylaminocarbonyl-, di $C_{1-4}$  alkylaminocarbonyl-, acylamino-, acylaminoalkyl-, amide, sulfonylamino $C_{1-10}$ alkyl-, or  $A$ - $B$  can together form a  $C_{2-6}$  bridge, or  $B$ - $C$  can together form a  $C_{3-7}$  bridge, or  $A$ - $C$  can together form a  $C_{1-5}$  bridge;

$Z$  is selected from the group consisting of a bond, straight or branched  $C_{1-6}$  alkylene, -NH-,  $-CH_2O$ -,  $-CH_2NH$ -,  $-CH_2N(CH_3)$ -,  $-NHCH_2$ -,  $-CH_2CONH$ -,  $-NHCH_2CO$ -,  $-CH_2CO$ -,  $-COCH_2$ -,  $-CH_2COCH_2$ -,  $-CH(CH_3)$ -,  $-CH=$ ,  $-O-$  and  $-HC=CH$ -, wherein the carbon and/or nitrogen atoms are unsubstituted or substituted with one or more lower alkyl, hydroxy, halo or alkoxy group;

$R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-10}$  alkenyl, amino,  $C_{1-10}$  alkylamino-,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkylamino-,  $-COOV_1$ ,  $-C_{1-4}COOV_1$ , cyano, cyano $C_{1-10}$ alkyl-, cyano $C_{3-10}$ cycloalkyl-,  $NH_2SO_2$ -,  $NH_2SO_2C_{1-4}$ alkyl-,  $NH_2SOC_{1-4}$ alkyl-, aminocarbonyl-,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylaminocarbonyl-, di $C_{1-4}$  alkylaminocarbonyl-, benzyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkenyl-, a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring, a hetero-monocyclic ring, a hetero-bicyclic ring system, and a spiro ring system of the formula (II):



(II)

wherein  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independently selected from the group consisting of NH, O, S

and  $\text{CH}_2$ ; and wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$ alkylamino-,  $\text{C}_{3-12}$ cycloalkylamino-, or benzyl of  $\text{R}_1$  is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkoxy, nitro, trifluoromethyl-, cyano, - $\text{COOV}_1$ , - $\text{C}_{1-4}\text{COOV}_1$ , cyano $\text{C}_{1-10}$ alkyl-, - $\text{C}_{1-5}(=\text{O})\text{W}_1$ , - $\text{C}_{1-5}\text{NHS}(=\text{O})_2\text{W}_1$ , - $\text{C}_{1-5}\text{NHS}(=\text{O})\text{W}_1$ , a 5-membered heteroaromatic  $\text{C}_{0-4}$ alkyl-, phenyl, benzyl, benzyloxy, said phenyl, benzyl, and benzyloxy optionally being substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkyl-,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkoxy-, and cyano; and wherein said  $\text{C}_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl,  $\text{C}_{3-12}$  cycloalkenyl, monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aryl, heteroaryl ring, hetero-monocyclic ring, hetero-bicyclic ring system, or spiro ring system of the formula (II) is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkoxy, nitro, trifluoromethyl-, phenyl, benzyl, phenoxy and benzyloxy, wherein said phenyl, benzyl, phenoxy or benzyloxy is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkoxy, and cyano;

$\text{R}_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl and halogen, said alkyl or cycloalkyl optionally substituted with an oxo, amino, alkylamino or dialkylamino group;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or solvate thereof.

2. A compound of claim 1, wherein Q is phenyl or a 6 membered heteroaromatic group containing 1-3 nitrogen atoms.

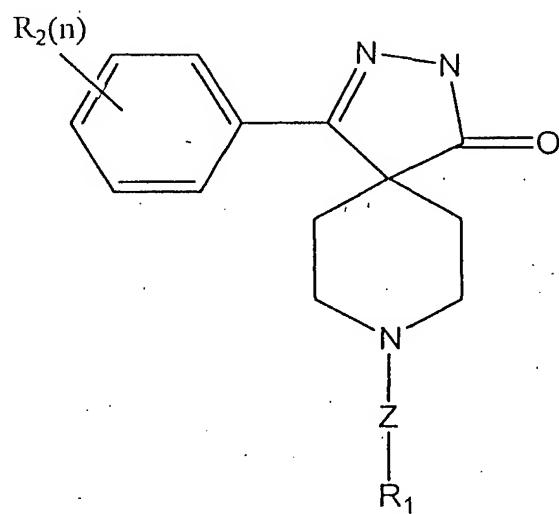
3. A compound of claim 1, wherein W is selected from the group consisting of  $-\text{CH}_2\text{C}=\text{ONH}_2$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{NH})\text{NH}_2$ , pyridylmethyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, furanylmethyl,  $-\text{C}=\text{OCH}_3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NHC}=\text{OCH}_3$ ,  $-\text{SO}_2\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NSO}_2\text{CH}_3$ , furanylcarbonyl-, methylpyrrolylcarbonyl-, diazolecarbonyl-, azolemethyl-, trifluoroethyl-, hydroxyethyl-, cyanomethyl-, oxo-oxazolemethyl-, and diazolemethyl-.

4. A compound of claim 1, wherein  $\text{ZR}_1$  is selected from the group consisting of cyclohexylethyl-, cyclohexylmethyl-, cyclopentylmethyl-, dimethylcyclohexylmethyl-, phenylethyl-, pyrrolyltrifluoroethyl-, thienyltrifluoroethyl-, pyridylethyl-, cyclopentyl-, cyclohexyl-, methoxycyclohexyl-, tetrahydropyranyl-, propylpiperidinyl-, indolylmethyl-, pyrazolylpentyl-, thiazolylethyl-, phenyltrifluoroethyl-, hydroxyhexyl-, methoxyhexyl-, isopropoxybutyl-, hexyl-, and oxocanylpropyl-.

5. A compound of claim 1, wherein at least one of  $ZR_1$  or  $W$  is selected from the group consisting of  $CH_2COOV_1$ , tetrazolylmethyl-, cyanomethyl-,  $NH_2SO_2$ methyl-,  $NH_2SOMethyl$ -, aminocarbonylmethyl-,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylaminocarbonylmethyl-, and  $diC_{1-4}$ alkylaminocarbonylmethyl-.

6. A compound of claim 1, wherein  $ZR_1$  is 3,3 diphenylpropyl optionally substituted at the 3 carbon of the propyl with - $COOV_1$ , tetrazolyl $C_{0-4}$ alkyl-, cyano-, aminocarbonyl-,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylaminocarbonyl-, or  $diC_{1-4}$ alkylaminocarbonyl-.

7. A compound of formula (IA):



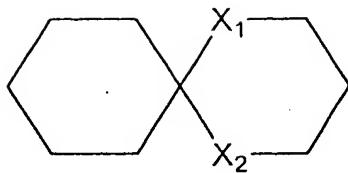
(IA)

wherein

$n$  is an integer from 0 to 3;

$Z$  is selected from the group consisting of a bond,  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-NH-$ ,  $-CH_2O-$ ,  $-CH_2CH_2-$ ,  $-CH_2NH-$ ,  $-CH_2N(CH_3)-$ ,  $-NHCH_2-$ ,  $-CH_2CONH-$ ,  $-NHCH_2CO-$ ,  $-CH_2CO-$ ,  $-COCH_2-$ ,  $-CH_2COCH_2-$ ,  $-CH(CH_3)-$ ,  $-CH=$ , and  $-HC=CH-$ , wherein the carbon and/or nitrogen atoms are unsubstituted or substituted with a lower alkyl, halogen, hydroxy or alkoxy group;

$R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-12}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-10}$ alkenyl, amino,  $C_{1-10}$ alkylamino,  $C_{3-12}$ cycloalkylamino, benzyl,  $C_{3-12}$ cycloalkenyl, a monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring, a hetero-monocyclic ring, a hetero-bicyclic ring system, and a spiro ring system of the formula (II):



(II)

wherein  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independently selected from the group consisting of NH, O, S and  $CH_2$ ;

wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkylamino,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkylamino, or benzyl is optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy, nitro, trifluoromethyl, cyano, phenyl, benzyl, benzyloxy, said phenyl, benzyl, and benzyloxy optionally being substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy, and cyano;

wherein said  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkenyl, monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic aryl, heteroaryl ring, hetero-monocyclic ring, hetero-bicyclic ring system, and spiro ring system of the formula (II) are optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy, nitro, trifluoromethyl, phenyl, benzyl, phenoxy and benzyloxy, wherein said phenyl, benzyl, phenoxy and benzyloxy are optionally substituted with 1-3 substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkoxy, and cyano;

$R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl and halogen, said alkyl optionally substituted with an oxo group;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

8. A compound of claim 7, wherein  $R_1$  is alkyl selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, pentyl and hexyl.

9. A compound of claim 7, wherein  $R_1$  is cycloalkyl selected from the group consisting of cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, cyclononyl, cyclodecyl, and norbornyl.

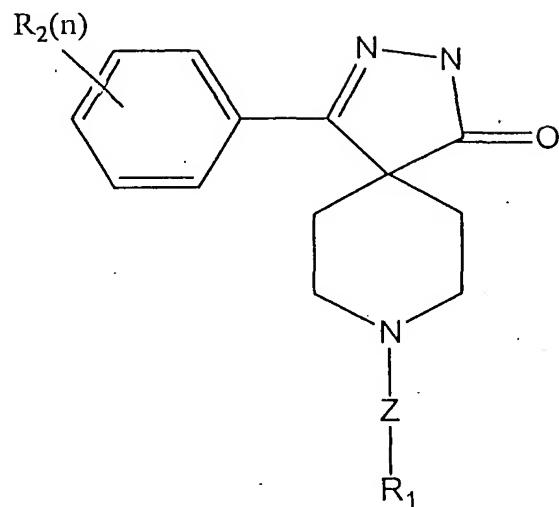
10. A compound of claim 7, wherein  $R_1$  is tetrahydronaphthyl, decahydronaphthyl or

dibenzocycloheptyl.

11. A compound of claim 7, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is phenyl or benzyl.
12. A compound of claim 7, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is a bicyclic aromatic ring.
13. A compound of claim 12, wherein said bicyclic aromatic ring is indenyl, quinoline or naphthyl.
14. A compound of claim 7, wherein Z is a bond, methyl, or ethyl.
15. A compound of claim 7, wherein n is 0.
16. A compound of claim 7, wherein X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>2</sub> are both O.
17. A compound selected from the group consisting of  
8-(4-propylcyclohexyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(5-methylhex-2-yl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-norbornyl-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(decahydro-2-naphthyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(cyclooctylmethyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-[4-(2-propyl)-cyclohexyl]-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(1,3-dihydroinden-2-yl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-[(naphth-2-yl-methyl)]-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(p-phenylbenzyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-[4,4-Bis(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(benzyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(10,11-Dihydro-5H-dibenzo[a,d]-cyclohepten-5-yl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(3,3-Bis(phenyl)propyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(p-benzyloxybenzyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one;  
8-(cyclooctylmethyl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8-triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one; and  
pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

18. A compound which is 8-(acenaphthen-9-yl)-1-phenyl-2,3,8- triazospiro[4.5]decan-4-one or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or solvate thereof.
19. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 1 and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
20. A method of treating pain comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of an analgesic compound according to claim 1.
21. A method of modulating a pharmacological response from the ORL1 receptor comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.
22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 7 and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
23. A method of treating pain comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of an analgesic compound according to claim 7.
24. A method of modulating a pharmacological response from the ORL1 receptor comprising administering an effective amount of a compound according to claim 7.

25. A compound of formula (IA):



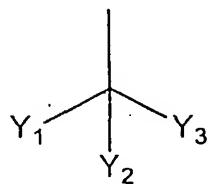
(IA)

wherein

$R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{3-12}$  cycloalkyl and halogen; said alkyl optionally substituted with an oxo group;

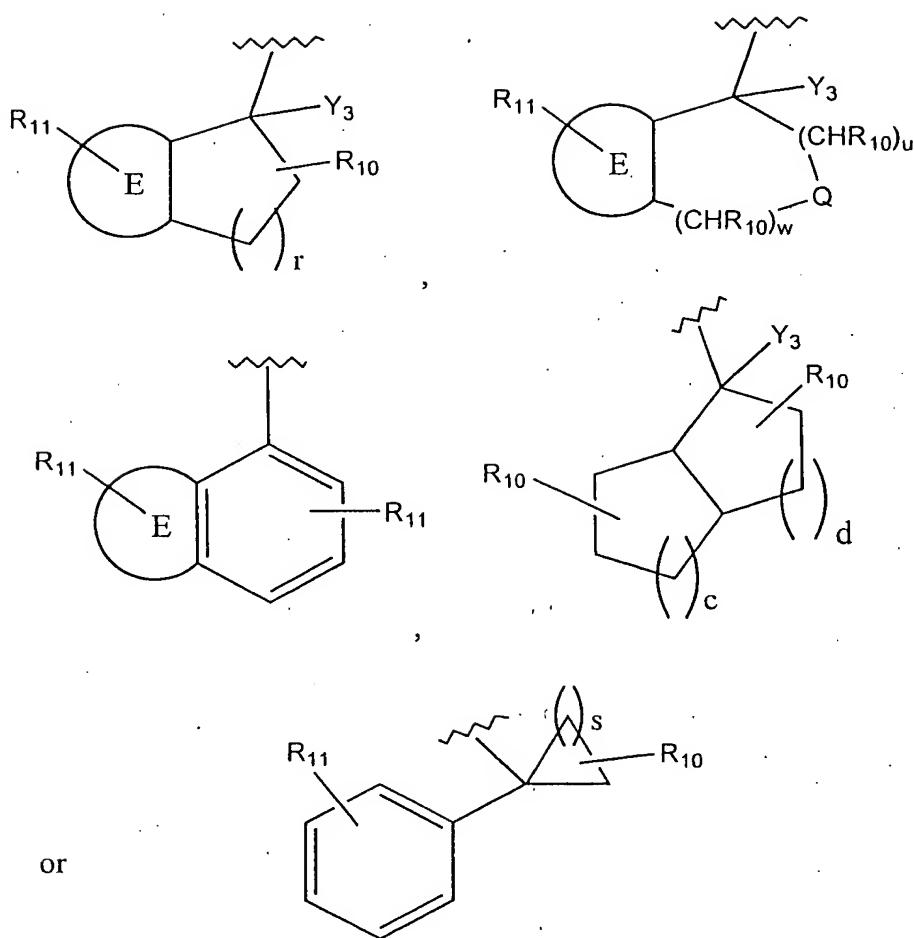
$n$  is an integer from 0 to 3;

and  $ZR_1$  is



wherein

$Y_1$  is  $R_3-(C_{1-C_{12}})$  alkyl,  $R_4$ -aryl,  $R_5$ -heteroaryl,  $R_6-(C_3-C_{12})$  cyclo-alkyl,  $R_7-(C_3-C_7)$  heterocycloalkyl,  $-CO_2(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, CN or  $-C(O)NR_8R_9$ ;  $Y_2$  is hydrogen or  $Y_1$ ;  $Y_3$  is hydrogen or  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl; or  $Y_1$ ,  $Y_2$  and  $Y_3$ , together with the carbon to which they are attached, form one of the following structures:



wherein  $r$  is 0 to 3;  $w$  and  $u$  are each 0-3, provided that the sum of  $w$  and  $u$  is 1-3;  $c$  and  $d$  are independently 1 or 2;  $s$  is 1 to 5; and ring  $E$  is a fused  $R_4$ -phenyl or  $R_5$ -heteroaryl ring;

$R_{10}$  is 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $-OR_8$ ,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $OR_8$ ,  $-NR_8R_9$  and  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl- $NR_8R_9$ ;

$R_{11}$  is 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of  $R_{10}$ ,  $-CF_3$ ,  $-OCF_3$ ,  $NO_2$  and halo, or  $R_{11}$  substituents on adjacent ring carbon atoms may together form a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy ring;

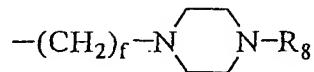
$R_8$  and  $R_9$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_3-C_{12})$ cycloalkyl, aryl and aryl( $C_1-C_6$ )alkyl;

$R_3$  is 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $R_4$ -aryl,  $R_6-(C_3-C_{12})$ cycloalkyl,  $R_5$ -heteroaryl,  $R_7-(C_3-C_7)$ heterocycloalkyl,  $-NR_8R_9$ ,  $-OR_{12}$  and -

$S(O)_{0-2}R_{12}$ ;

$R_6$  is 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $R_4$ -aryl,  $-NR_8R_9$ ,  $-OR_{12}$  and  $-SR_{12}$ ;

$R_4$  is 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $R_{13}$ -aryl,  $(C_3-C_{12})$ cycloalkyl, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -OR<sub>8</sub>,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-OR<sub>8</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>,  $-NR_8R_9$ ,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sub>14</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>, -SOR<sub>8</sub>, -SR<sub>8</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CONR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, -NR<sub>9</sub>COR<sub>8</sub>, -COR<sub>8</sub>, -COCF<sub>3</sub>, -OCOR<sub>8</sub>, -OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>, -COOR<sub>8</sub>,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NHCOOC(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NHCOCF<sub>3</sub>,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NHSO<sub>2</sub>-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NHCONH-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)-alkyl and



wherein f is 0 to 6; or  $R_4$  substituents on adjacent ring carbon atoms may together form a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy ring;

$R_5$  is 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $R_{13}$ -aryl,  $(C_3-C_{12})$ cycloalkyl, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -OR<sub>8</sub>,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-OR<sub>8</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>,  $-NR_8R_9$ ,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sub>14</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -NO<sub>2</sub>, -CONR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, -NR<sub>9</sub>COR<sub>8</sub>, -COR<sub>8</sub>, -OCOR<sub>8</sub>, -OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub> and -COOR<sub>8</sub>;

$R_7$  is H,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, -OR<sub>8</sub>,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-OR<sub>8</sub>, -NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub> or  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>;

$R_{12}$  is H,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $R_4$ -aryl,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-OR<sub>8</sub>,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>,  $-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-SR<sub>8</sub>, or aryl  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl;

$R_{13}$  is 1-3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy and halo;

$R_{14}$  is independently selected from the group consisting of H,  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl and  $R_{13}-C_6H_4-CH_2$ ;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

26. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 25 and at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

27. A method of treating pain comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of an analgesic compound according to claim 25.

28. A method of modulating a pharmacological response from the ORL1 receptor comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of a compound according to claim 25.
29. A method of modulating a pharmacological response from an opioid receptor comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.
30. A method of modulating a pharmacological response from an opioid receptor comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of a compound according to claim 7.
31. A method of modulating a pharmacological response from an opioid receptor comprising administering to a patient in need thereof, an effective amount of a compound according to claim 25.